

## UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Acides COMMISSIONER OF PATENCS AND TRADEMARKS PO BOX 14-9 Alexandra, Vigunia 22313-1450 www.uspfo.gov

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. 09 620,025 07 20 2000 Ronald E. Pelrine SRI1P020-US-4184-2 3816 22434 7590 05/07/2003 BEYER WEAVER & THOMAS LLP EXAMINER P.O. BOX 778 BUDD, MARK OSBORNE BERKELEY, CA 94704-0778 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER 2834

DATE MAILED: 05-07.2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/620,025	PELRINE ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Mark Budd	2834
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a) In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U S C § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on		
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.  Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-52</u> is/are pending in the application.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>9 18-22 AND 27-52</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,10-17 and 23-26</u> is/are rejected.		
7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.		
Application Papers		
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).		
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.		
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.		
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).		
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.		
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No		
<ul> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>		
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).		
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.		
Attachment(s)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Infor	nmary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) mal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Claims 1-8, 10-17 and 23-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claims are vague and indefinite in that with the revised claim language it is unclear whether the pre-strain (actually a stretch?) Refers to something done during manufacture, or refers to some unarticulated means that holds the finished polymer in a currently pre-stressed state. Thus, one cannot determine the metes and bounds of these claims.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8, 11-17 and 23-26 (as understood) rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pelrine in view of Scheinbeim, Lemonon ore Ravinet (555).

Pelrine teaches the transduces structure using an electroactive polymer with appropriate electrodes. Pelrine teaches providing some pre-strain and teaches linear strains of up to 32%. Pelrine doesn't explicitly teach pre-stress of between 1.5 times to 50 times the original dimensions, and does not explicitly teach linear strain of 50% to 215%. However, each of Scheinbeim, Lemonon and Ravinet teach pre-straining a polymer 2-3 times its original dimensions to increase transducer output.

Application/Control Number: 09/620,025 Page 3

Art Unit: 2834

This also means the (e.g. length) dimensions are stretched (linear strain) up to 300%. These values are all within the claimed ranges for the particular parameters. Thus, for the expected performance enhancement taught by Lemonon, Scheimbeim and Ravinet, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to stretch the polymer of Pelrine. Note that optimization of a known device for a particular application (e.g. thru routine experimentation) is within the skill expected of the routineer, and therefore would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Claim 10 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Budd/ds

05/05/03

Mil Mills

Art Unit: 2834

Claims 1-8, 10-17 and 23-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claims are vague and indefinite in that with the revised claim language it is unclear whether the pre-strain (actually a stretch?) Refers to something done during manufacture, or refers to some unarticulated means that holds the finished polymer in a currently pre-stressed state. Thus, one cannot determine the metes and bounds of these claims.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8, 11-17 and 23-26 (as understood) rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Pelrine in view of Scheinbeim, Lemonon ore Ravinet (555).

Pelrine teaches the transduces structure using an electroactive polymer with appropriate electrodes. Pelrine teaches providing some pre-strain and teaches linear strains of up to 32%. Pelrine doesn't explicitly teach pre-stress of between 1.5 times to 50 times the original dimensions, and does not explicitly teach linear strain of 50% to 215%. However, each of Scheinbeim, Lemonon and Ravinet teach pre-straining a polymer 2-3 times its original dimensions to increase transducer output.

Application/Control Number: 09/620.025 Page 3

Art Unit: 2834

This also means the (e.g. length) dimensions are stretched (linear strain) up to 300%. These values are all within the claimed ranges for the particular parameters. Thus, for the expected performance enhancement taught by Lemonon. Scheimbeim and Ravinet, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to stretch the polymer of Pelrine. Note that optimization of a known device for a particular application (e.g. thru routine experimentation) is within the skill expected of the routineer, and therefore would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Claim 10 would be allowable if rewritten to overcome the rejection(s) under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, set forth in this Office action and to include all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Budd/ds

05/05/03

MANAGER SXI HIVER